

Product Name: Success* Insecticide**Issue Date:** 2014.01.22

Dow AgroSciences Canada Inc. encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

1. Product and Company Identification

Product Name

Success* Insecticide

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Dow AgroSciences Canada Inc.
A Subsidiary of The Dow Chemical Company
Suite 2100, 450 1st Street SW
Calgary, AB T2P 5H1
Canada

For MSDS updates and Product Information: 800-667-3852**Prepared By:** Prepared for use in Canada by EH&S, Hazard Communications.
Revision 2014.01.22**Customer Information Number:** 800-667-3852
solutions@dow.com**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER****24-Hour Emergency Contact:** 613-996-6666**Local Emergency Contact:** 613-996-6666

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview**Color:** Off-white**Physical State:** Liquid**Odor:** Mild**Hazards of product:**

Highly toxic to fish and/or other aquatic organisms.

Potential Health Effects

Eye Contact: May cause pain disproportionate to the level of irritation to eye tissues. Essentially nonirritating to eyes.

Skin Contact: Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin. Prolonged contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

Skin Absorption: Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

Inhalation: No adverse effects are anticipated from single exposure to mist. Based on the available data, respiratory irritation was not observed.

Ingestion: Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

Aspiration hazard: Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Effects of Repeated Exposure: For the active ingredient(s): In animals, Spinosad has been shown to cause vacuolization of cells in various tissues. Dose levels producing these effects were many times higher than any dose levels expected from exposure due to use. For the minor component(s): In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs after exposure to aerosols: Lung.

Reproductive Effects: For the active ingredient(s): In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Component | CAS # | Amount W/W |
|------------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| Spinosad A & D | 131929-60-7 & 131929-63-0 | 44.2 % |
| Propylene glycol | 57-55-6 | 4.0 % |
| Balance | Not available | 51.8 % |

Amounts are presented as percentages by weight.

Spinosad is comprised of Spinosyn A (CAS # 131929-60-7) and Spinosyn D (CAS # 131929-63-0)

4. First-aid measures**Description of first aid measures**

General advice: If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Skin Contact: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Eye Contact: Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Ingestion: No emergency medical treatment necessary.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media

To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous Combustion Products: Under fire conditions some components of this product may decompose. The smoke may contain unidentified toxic and/or irritating compounds. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: This material will not burn until the water has evaporated. Residue can burn. If exposed to fire from another source and water is evaporated, exposure to high temperatures may cause toxic fumes.

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the "Accidental Release Measures" and the "Ecological Information" sections of this (M)SDS.

Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

See Section 9 for related Physical Properties

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions: Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information. Spills or discharge to natural waterways is likely to kill aquatic organisms.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Contain spilled material if possible. Small spills: Absorb with materials such as: Clay. Dirt. Sand. Sweep up. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Large spills: Contact Dow AgroSciences for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling

General Handling: Keep out of reach of children. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use with adequate ventilation. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

Storage

Store in a dry place. Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Exposure Limits

| Component | List | Type | Value |
|------------------|------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Spinosad A & D | Dow IHG | TWA | 0.3 mg/m ³ |
| Propylene glycol | WEEL | TWA Aerosol. | 10 mg/m ³ |
| | CAD ON OEL | TWAEV Total vapor and aerosol. | 155 mg/m ³ 50 ppm |

Consult local authorities for recommended exposure limits.

RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS. APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD SEE THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING.

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses (with side shields).

Skin Protection: Wear clean, body-covering clothing.

Hand protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material when prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Respiratory Protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if discomfort is experienced, use an approved air-purifying respirator. The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

Ingestion: Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work area. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation: Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Physical State | Liquid |
| Color | Off-white |
| Odor | Mild |
| Odor Threshold | No test data available |
| pH | 7.4 (@ 1 %) <i>pH Electrode</i> (1% aqueous suspension) |
| Melting Point | Not applicable |
| Freezing Point | No test data available |
| Boiling Point (760 mmHg) | 100 °C <i>Literature</i> (water) |

| | |
|---|--|
| Flash Point - Closed Cup | <i>Pensky-Martens Closed Cup ASTM D 93</i> flame extinguished; none to boiling |
| Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1) | No test data available |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not applicable to liquids |
| Flammable Limits In Air | Lower: No test data available Upper: No test data available |
| Vapor Pressure | Similar to water |
| Vapor Density (air = 1) | No test data available |
| Specific Gravity (H₂O = 1) | 1.096 <i>Digital Density Meter (Oscillating Coil)</i> |
| Solubility in water (by weight) | Dispersible |
| Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log Pow) | No data available for this product. |
| Autoignition Temperature | 773 mmHg <i>92/69/EEC A15</i> none below 400degC |
| Decomposition Temperature | No test data available |
| Dynamic Viscosity | No test data available |
| Kinematic Viscosity | No test data available |
| Explosive properties | no data available |
| Oxidizing properties | no data available |
| Liquid Density | 1.09 g/cm ³ @ 20 °C <i>Digital density meter</i> |

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability

Thermally stable at typical use temperatures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Some components of this product can decompose at elevated temperatures.

Incompatible Materials: None known.

Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Toxic gases are released during decomposition.

11. Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity

Ingestion

As product: LD₅₀, rat, male and female > 5,000 mg/kg
No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Dermal

As product: LD₅₀, rabbit, male and female > 5,000 mg/kg
No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Inhalation

As product: LC₅₀, 4 h, Liquid aerosol., rat, male and female > 5.0 mg/l
No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Eye damage/eye irritation

May cause pain disproportionate to the level of irritation to eye tissues. Essentially nonirritating to eyes.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin. Prolonged contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

Sensitization**Skin**

As product: Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

Respiratory

No relevant data found.

Repeated Dose Toxicity

For the active ingredient(s): In animals, Spinosad has been shown to cause vacuolization of cells in various tissues. Dose levels producing these effects were many times higher than any dose levels expected from exposure due to use. For the minor component(s): In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs after exposure to aerosols: Lung. As product: Repeated exposure did not produce systemic toxicity when applied to the skin of rabbits.

Chronic Toxicity and Carcinogenicity

For the active ingredient(s): Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Developmental Toxicity

For the active ingredient(s): Did not cause birth defects or other effects in the fetus even at doses which caused toxic effects in the mother.

Reproductive Toxicity

For the active ingredient(s): In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

Genetic Toxicology

As product: In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

12. Ecological Information

Toxicity

Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

Fish Acute & Prolonged Toxicity

LC50, Cyprinus carpio (Carp), 96 h: > 100 mg/l

Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), semi-static test, 48 h: 16.9 mg/l

Aquatic Plant Toxicity

EbC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 h: > 100 mg/l

EC50, diatom Navicula sp., biomass growth inhibition, 120 h: 0.667 mg/l

Toxicity to Above Ground Organisms

oral LD50, Apis mellifera (bees): 0.11 micrograms/bee

contact LD50, Apis mellifera (bees): 0.12 micrograms/bee

Toxicity to Soil Dwelling Organisms

LC50, Eisenia fetida (earthworms), 14 d: > 2,000 mg/kg

Persistence and Degradability**Data for Component: Spinosad A & D**

Biodegradation under aerobic static laboratory conditions is high (BOD20 or BOD28/ThOD > 40%). Material is expected to biodegrade only very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.

Stability in Water (1/2-life):

; 25 °C; pH 7; Stable

200 - 259 d; 25 °C; pH 9

0.84 - 0.96 d; pH 7

; 25 °C; pH 5; Stable

OECD Biodegradation Tests:

| Biodegradation | Exposure Time | Method | 10 Day Window |
|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| < 1 % | 28 d | OECD 301B Test | fail |

Biological oxygen demand (BOD):

| BOD 5 | BOD 10 | BOD 20 | BOD 28 |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 66.000 % | 68.000 % | 76.000 % | 77.000 % |

Data for Component: **Propylene glycol**

Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability. Biodegradation may occur under anaerobic conditions (in the absence of oxygen).

OECD Biodegradation Tests:

| Biodegradation | Exposure Time | Method | 10 Day Window |
|----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| 81 % | 28 d | OECD 301F Test | pass |
| 96 % | 64 d | OECD 306 Test | Not applicable |

Indirect Photodegradation with OH Radicals

| Rate Constant | Atmospheric Half-life | Method |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------|
| 1.28E-11 cm ³ /s | 10 h | Estimated. |

Biological oxygen demand (BOD):

| BOD 5 | BOD 10 | BOD 20 | BOD 28 |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 69.0 % | 70.0 % | 86.0 % | |

Chemical Oxygen Demand: 1.53 mg/mg

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 1.68 mg/mg

Bioaccumulative potentialData for Component: **Spinosad A & D**

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).

Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log Pow): 4.01

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 33; Fish; Measured

Data for Component: **Propylene glycol**

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log Pow): -1.07 Measured

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 0.09; Estimated.

Mobility in soilData for Component: **Spinosad A & D**

Mobility in soil: Potential for mobility in soil is low (Koc between 500 and 2000).

Partition coefficient, soil organic carbon/water (Koc): 701 Measured

Henry's Law Constant (H): For similar active ingredient(s):: 1.89E-07

Data for Component: **Propylene glycol**

Mobility in soil: Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process., Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

Partition coefficient, soil organic carbon/water (Koc): < 1 Estimated.

Henry's Law Constant (H): 1.2E-08 atm*m³/mole Measured

13. Disposal Considerations

If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material

generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

14. Transport Information

TDG Small container

NOT REGULATED

TDG Large container

NOT REGULATED

IMDG

Proper Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

Technical Name: Spinosad

Hazard Class: 9 **ID Number:** 3082 **Packing Group:** PG III

EMS Number: F-A,S-F

Marine pollutant: Yes

ICAO/IATA

Proper Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

Technical Name: Spinosad

Hazard Class: 9 **ID Number:** UN3082 **Packing Group:** PG III

Cargo Packing Instruction: 964

Passenger Packing Instruction: 964

15. Regulatory Information

CEPA - Domestic Substances List (DSL)

All substances contained in this product are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are not required to be listed.

Hazardous Products Act Information: CPR Compliance

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

Hazardous Products Act Information: WHMIS Classification

This product is exempt under WHMIS.

Pest Control Products Act Registration number: 26835

National Fire Code of Canada

Not applicable

16. Other Information

Hazard Rating System

NFPA

Health

Fire

Reactivity

0

0

0

Recommended Uses and Restrictions**Identified uses**

Product use: End use insecticide product

Revision

Identification Number: 55822 / 1023 / Issue Date 2014.01.22 / Version: 5.1

DAS Code: NAF-85

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Legend

| | |
|---------|---|
| N/A | Not available |
| W/W | Weight/Weight |
| OEL | Occupational Exposure Limit |
| STEL | Short Term Exposure Limit |
| TWA | Time Weighted Average |
| ACGIH | American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Inc. |
| DOW IHG | Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline |
| WEEL | Workplace Environmental Exposure Level |
| HAZ_DES | Hazard Designation |
| VOL/VOL | Volume/Volume |

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